

Equality impact assessment is a requirement for all strategies, plans, functions, policies, procedures and services under the Equalities Act 2010. We are also required to publish assessments so that we can demonstrate how we have considered the impact of proposals.

Section 1: Description

Department	People's Directorate		Lead officer respon	sible for assessment	Nik Darwin		
Service	Cheshire East All-Age Sensory Impairment Strategy		Other members of assessment	team undertaking	Helen Clark		
Date	March 2021		Version 1				
Type of document (mark as appropriate)	Strategy	Plan	Function	Policy	Procedure	Service	
Is this a new/existing/revision of an existing document (mark as appropriate)	Ne	:w	Exi	sting	Revision		
Title and subject of the impact assessment (include a brief description of the aims, outcomes , operational issues as appropriate and how it fits in with the wider aims of the organisation) Please attach a copy of the strategy/plan/function/policy/procedure/service	The Cheshire East A with visual and/or h Vision Our shared vision is live their best lives o We will work in par and appropriate to	III-Age Sensory Ir nearing impairme for children, you and be inspired to tnership to impro their individual a pach should enal	ole a person with a senso	r children, young peop af, deafblind or have a Cheshire East living wit d ambitions and contrin is to information, servio	visual impairment) th a sensory impair bute positively to th ces and support the	ment to be able to heir community. at are inclusive	



Draft Priorities (2021/24)
The following six draft priorities will form the basis of an action plan:
1. Providing accessible information and advice
Our ambition: We will fulfil our responsibilities to provide accessible information and advice about services available in Cheshire East.
2. Integrated service provision and improved co-ordination of care
Our ambition: We will work together to ensure access to co-ordinated services that provide the right support and the right time.
3. Support for children and young people/Preparing for Adulthood (Transition)
Our ambition: We will ensure children and young people receive the best support when moving to the next stages of their lives and preparing for adulthood, including transition between children's and adult services.
4. Keeping your independence
Our ambition: We will increase awareness and use of available equipment and assistive technology to improve independence. We aim to inspire people to achieve their personal goals and will offer support and training by appropriately qualified people.
5. Emotional and peer support
Our ambition: We will ensure that people who need counselling, emotional and peer support can access this when they feel the time is right for them.
6. Awareness and understanding of sensory impairment



	Our ambition: We will educate our workforces on the impact of sensory impairments and their obligations in making services accessible. We will promote greater awareness within the general population and improve public health information.
Who are the main stakeholders? (e.g. general public, employees, Councillors, partners, specific audiences)	 Children, young people and adults with sensory impairments, and their families and carers Service user and patients of sensory treatment and support services General public and residents of Cheshire East Cheshire East Council – education and social care services Cheshire Clinical Commissioning Group East Cheshire NHS Trust Ophthalmology and Audiology Departments Mid Cheshire NHS Trust Ophthalmology and Audiology Departments Local specialist sensory voluntary organisations and wider community groups Councillors GP Practices AQP Providers for sensory services

Who is affected?	Children, young people and adults with sensory impairments, and their families and carers			
(This may or may not include the	 Service user and patients of sensory treatment and support services 			
stakeholders listed above)	General public and residents of Cheshire East Council			
	Councillors			
	Cheshire East Council – education and social care services			
	East Cheshire NHS Trust Ophthalmology and Audiology Departments			
	Mid Cheshire NHS Trust Ophthalmology and Audiology Departments			
	 Local specialist sensory voluntary organisations and wider community groups 			
	GP Practices			



Who is intended to benefit and how?	 The intended benefit and aim of the strategy is to enable children, young people and adults with a visual a impairment, and their families and carers, to be as independent as possible and in control of their health a strategy and action plan will implement the improvements identified based on the 6 key priority areas that the pre-engagement and co-production work with stakeholders, service users and professionals. 					nd in control of their health and on the 6 key priority areas that ha	Ith and daily life. The		
Could there be a different impact or outcome for some groups?							e a visua ntal heal	al or Ith	
Does it include making decisions based on individual characteristics, needs or circumstances?	sensory impairment by we	orking t	ogethe	-	social ca	are and	nts to services and support for peol I the voluntary sector. This will re of these actions.	•	
Are relations between different groups or communities likely to be affected? (e.g. will it favour one particular group or deny opportunities for others?)	The strategy is inclusive and committed to improving services and support for people of all ages affected by a visual or hearing impairment or dual sensory loss. Older people make up the highest proportion of people with sensory impairment as the incidence rises with ageing. There is a greater likelihood that they will also be physically frail or have other physical disabilities and health conditions. This will potentially be exacerbated by their sensory impairment limiting their mobility and opportunitie for wider social and recreational activities and "staying connected" in their communities.					lities			
Is there any specific targeted action to promote equality? Is there a history of unequal outcomes (do you have enough evidence to prove otherwise)?	No specific target action r								
Is there an actual or potential negative im	pact on these specific char	acteris	tics? (Please tick)					
	Marriage & civil partnership	Y	N	Religion & belief	Y	N	Carers	Y	N



Disability	Y	Ν	Pregnancy & maternity	Y	Ν	Sex	Y	Ν	Socio-econo	mic status	Y	Ν
Gender reassignment	Y	N	Race	Y	N	Sexual orientation	Y	N				
			your findings? (quantitative a ent, i.e., graphs, tables, chart		alitativ	ve) Please provide additiona	l inforn	nation	that you wish	Consultation/ir carried out	volveme	nt
 and the voluntary sector. Based on the results of the action plan. These include: Accessi Integration Support Keeping Emotion 	engage ble info ted ser t for Ch g your i nal anc	ement ormatio vice pr hildren indepe	and young people (transitior ndence	vidence n)	·					Extensive pre-e work has involv stakeholder sur sensory worksh structured inter online surveys v users including children and yo with HI/VI and t and carers.	ed an onl vey, two ops, sem views an vith servi adults, ung peop	line i- d ce ole
			T							Yes	No	
Age			79% of people	e over 6	54 are l	ge proportion of those in nee iving with some degree of sig ave hearing loss, increasing to	ght loss	. Nearl	y 42% of			
			In Cheshire Ea	ast, the	re were	e an estimated 15,200 people	e with a	a visual	impairment	Yes –		



	in 2020 in including 2,070 with severe sight loss. There were 191 blind and partially sighted children and young people under 18 in 2020. There were an estimated 88,244 adults with a hearing impairment in 2020 including 8,613 with a severe hearing loss. There were estimated to be 262 children and young people under 20 in 2021 with a severe hearing impairment in Cheshire East.	telephone survey with adults with a visual impairment. Online surveys with adults with HI, children and young people with VI and HI. Also face to face interviews.	
Disability	Sensory impairments are recognised as a physical disability. They are often a "hidden" disability that may not be immediately obvious. Due to the greater incidence of sight and hearing loss among older people, they may also be physically frail or have other physical disabilities and health conditions.	Yes – children/young people and adults with VI/HI	
Gender reassignment	There is no known element in the proposals which is likely to lead to the discrimination on the basis of this protected characteristic.		No
Marriage & civil partnership	There is no known element in the proposals which is likely to lead to the discrimination on the basis of this protected characteristic.		No
Pregnancy & maternity	There is no known element in the proposals which is likely to lead to the discrimination on the basis of this protected characteristic.		No
Race	This may adversely affect people from BAME communities who may not be aware of sensory support services or where to go for help.	Yes – equality monitoring was included on the survey forms	



Religion & belief Sex	There is no known element in the pro- discrimination on the basis of this pro- None directly although as sight and h may be affected in the oldest age cat	women Yes – equality monitoring was included on the survey questionnaires.	No				
Sexual orientation	There is no known element in the product of the discrimination on the basis of this product of the discrimination on the basis of the discrimination on the basis of the discrimination on the basis of the discrimination of the discrimination on the basis of the discrimination of the discriminatio of the discriminatio of the discrimination of the discr		No				
Carers	support in their own right. The count	Carers and families of people living with a sensory impairment need access to support in their own right. The council contracts the Cheshire East Carers' Hub to provide services for all carers including adults, parent and young carers.					
Socio-economic status	This may adversely affect those peop have access to the equipment and te internet access, laptops, iPads and o		No				
Proceed to full impact assessment? (Please tick)	Yes	No	Date				

If yes, please proceed to Section 3. If no, please publish the initial screening as part of the suite of documents relating to this issue



Section 3: Identifying impacts and evidence

This section identifies if there are impacts on equality, diversity and cohesion, what evidence there is to support the conclusion and what further action is needed

Protected characteristics	Is the policy (function etc) likely to have an adverse impact on any of the groups? Please include evidence (qualitative & quantitative) and consultations	Are there any positive impacts of the policy (function etc) on any of the groups? Please include evidence (qualitative & quantitative) and consultations	Please rate the impact taking into account any measures already in place to reduce the impacts identified High: Significant potential impact; history of complaints; no mitigating measures in place; need for consultation Medium: Some potential impact; some mitigating measures in place, lack of evidence to show effectiveness of measures LOW: Little/no identified impacts; heavily legislation-led; limited public facing aspect	Further action (only an outline needs to be included here. A full action plan can be included at Section 4)
Age	No direct impacts have been raised to date. The new Sensory Impairment Strategy should have a positive impact on people of all ages with a visual and/or hearing impairment.	The surveys conducted with children, young people and adults identified barriers to independence and the changes or improvements needed to improve peoples' outcomes. • Improved information and advice When surveyed, 75% of children/young people with VI/HI said they had been given enough information and support at diagnosis. This compared to 31% of	 High – the service pathways for children and young people are well-established across health, education and social care. However, clear processes are needed around transition to Adult Services where appropriate. For adults, some gaps in the service pathways have been identified. Further work will be undertaken to make the improvements needed through 	 A new cross-partnership Sensory Impairment Strategy Working Group has been established. This group will oversee and co-ordinate the Strategy action plan. Three task and finish groups have been set up to look at the priority areas of: Information and awareness of sensory impairments Equipment and Technology



adults with a VI. 55% said they	the action plan.	Children and Young People
didn't get enough information and		pathways and support
support.		(Transition)
Top three changes or		
improvements needed		
(Children/YP with HI)		
More information about what		
services are available		
More access to counselling and		
emotional support		
Better access to equipment		
Top three changes or		
improvements needed		
(Children/YP with VI)		
Better access to equipment		
More support for families		
and carers		
Top three changes or		
improvements needed (Adults		
with VI)		



		 Knowing where to go for more help More information about what services are available Getting help in a timely way Top three changes or improvements needed (Adults with HI) More information about what services are available Knowing where to go if I need more help More social and group activities 		
Disability	No direct impacts have been raised to date. The new Sensory Impairment Strategy should have a positive impact by improving the understanding and awareness of people with a sensory impairment.	Having a visual and/or hearing impairment is often referred to as a "hidden" disability. A key priority is to improve the understanding and awareness of the impact of having a sensory impairment among staff and the wider community.	High – The aim of the Strategy and action plan is to improve the lives of people with a sensory impairment by ensuring they get the right help and support at the right time.	See above- this will be addressed through the action plan and sub-groups.



Gender reassignment	No impacts have been raised to	No specific action has been	Low	See above
	date. As such the effects of this	identified around this protected		
	plan are currently deemed as	characteristic.		
	neutral on this protected			
	characteristic.			
Marriage & civil	No impacts have been raised to	No specific action has been	Low	See above
partnership	date. As such the effects of this	identified around this protected		
	plan are currently deemed as	characteristic.		
	neutral on this protected			
	characteristic.			
Pregnancy and maternity	No impacts have been raised to	All new-born babies are screened at	Low	See above
	date. As such the effects of this	birth for hearing and there are well		
	plan are currently deemed as	established processes in place for		
	neutral on this protected	babies and their parents/carers.		
	characteristic.			
Race	No impacts have been raised to	Further work will be explored	Medium	See above
	date. As such the effects of this	through the Strategy Action Plan to		
	plan are currently deemed as	address the		
	neutral on this protected	communication/language needs of		
	characteristic.	people from minority ethnic groups		
		with visual and/or hearing		
		impairments.		
Religion & belief	No impacts have been raised to	No specific action has been	Low	See above
	date. As such the effects of this	identified around this protected		





	plan are currently deemed as neutral on this protected characteristic.	characteristic.		
Sex	No direct impacts have been raised to date. The new Sensory Impairment Strategy should have a positive impact by improving the understanding and awareness of people with a sensory impairment	The incidence of sight and hearing impairments increase with ageing, there may be more women disproportionately affected in the oldest age categories.	Low	See above
Sexual orientation	No impacts have been raised to date. As such the effects of this plan are currently deemed as neutral on this protected characteristic.	No specific action has been identified around this protected characteristic.	Low	See above
Carers	No direct impacts have been raised to date. The new Sensory Impairment Strategy should have a positive impact by improving the understanding and awareness of people with a sensory impairment.	Through the engagement work to develop the Strategy, it has been identified that families and carers of people with a visual and/or hearing impairment need to be recognised and offered support in their own right.	Medium	This will be addressed through the Strategy action plan.
Socio-economics	No direct impacts have been raised to date. The new Sensory Impairment Strategy should have	Access to and training to use appropriate equipment and assistive technology has been	Medium	A review of equipment and assistive technology will be undertaken by a dedicated sub-





a	a positive impact by improving the	recognised as a need across all age	group to understand what
u	understanding and awareness of	groups. People may be	equipment is currently available
p	people with a sensory impairment.	disproportionately affected if they	through the council and health
1	It will also consider equipment	are required to purchase their own	and how to improve access to
a	and assistive technology.	equipment and may not have the	training and other support.
		means to access the internet and	
		other technology.	

Is this project due to be carried out wholly or partly by contractors? If yes, please indicate how you have ensured that the partner organisation complies with equality legislation (e.g. tendering, awards process, contract, monitoring and performance measures)

It is currently anticipated that some services could be commissioned later in the year once progress has been made on the action plan and the Strategy has been ratified by the Council. Contracted services are subject to comprehensive performance monitoring.

Section 4: Review and conclusion

Summary: provide a brief overview including impact, changes, improvement, any gaps in evidence and additional data that is needed

The Strategy Action Plan and task and finish groups will prioritise progress on the following three areas over the next 6 months:

- Accessible information and awareness
- Equipment and assistive technology
- Children's and Young People (pathways and transition)

This will consider the gaps identified and improvements needed from the pre-engagement work.

Specific actions to be taken to reduce, justify or	How will this be monitored?	Officer responsible	Target date



remove any adverse impacts				
Formal public consultation on the draft Strategy is scheduled to take place from June 2021. This will be in a range of media to ensure it is as accessible as possible.	Project plan and scheduled timeline	Helen Clark	August 2021	
We will take account of all the views and comments received following the engagement and the final Strategy will be updated in light of this.				
Approval sought on Final Strategy following public consultation at Health and Social Care Committee and Children and Families Committee	Project plan and scheduled timeline	Nik Darwin/Helen Clark	September 2021	
Strategy Action Plan and tasks to make improvements identified.	This will be co-ordinated and monitored by the Sensory Impairment Strategy Working Group.	Nik Darwin/Helen Clark	November 2021	
Please provide details and link to full action plan for actions	Draft action plan will sit alongside the Strategy Document – this is currently being drafted			
When will this assessment be reviewed?	October 2021			
Are there any additional assessments that need to be undertaken in relation to this assessment?	No			
Lead officer signoff	Nik Darwin	Date	08/06/21	



Head of service signoff	(XAR-A	Date	24/06/21
	Star Bough		

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